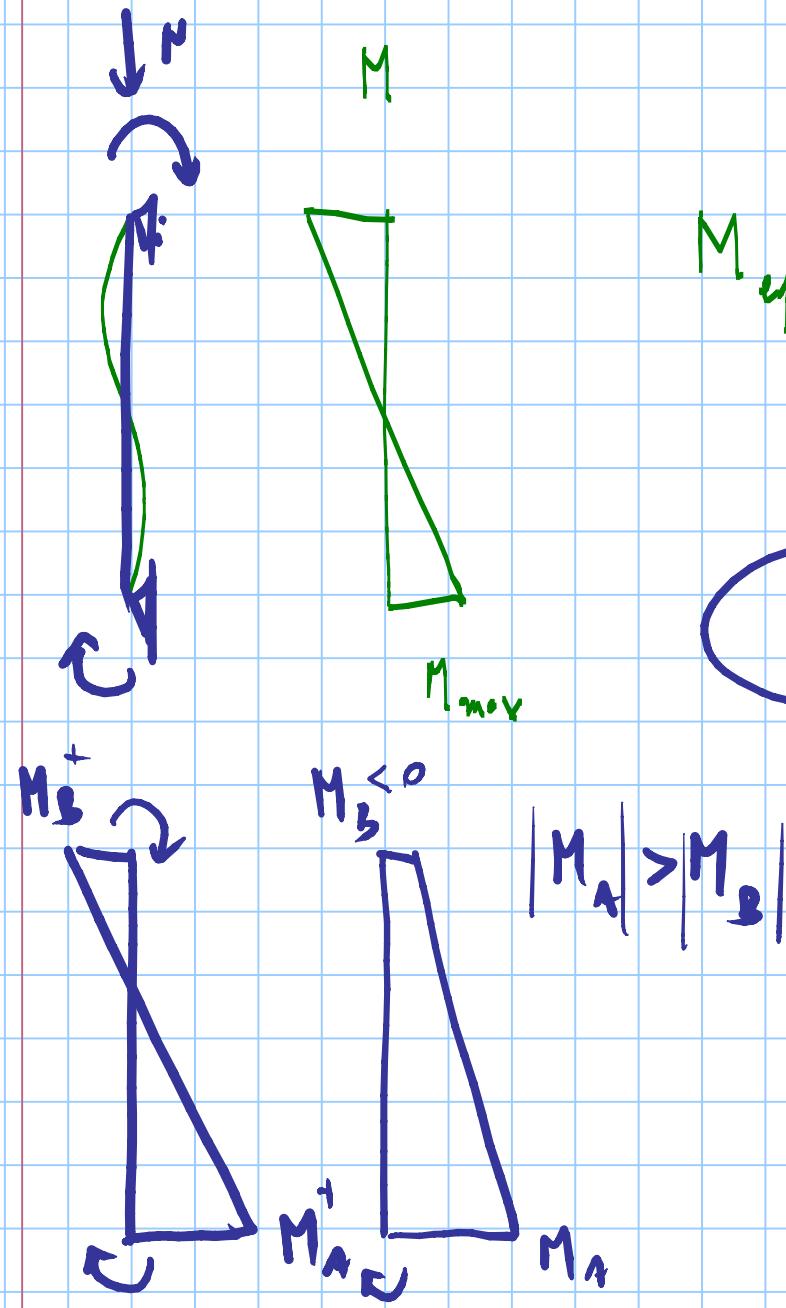


$$N_{b,Rd} < N_{Rd}$$

$$\frac{N_{EI}}{N_{b,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,EI}}{M_{Rd} \left(1 - \frac{N_{EI}}{N_{b,Rd}} \right)} < 1$$

$$\textcircled{B} \quad \frac{N_{EI}}{N_{y,b,f}} + \frac{K_{yy} M_{y,EI}}{M_{Rd}} \leq 1$$

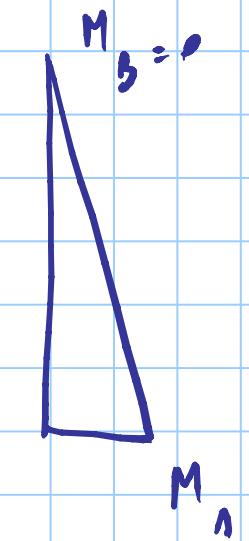
$$\frac{N_{E1}}{N_{e,b,M}} \leq 1$$



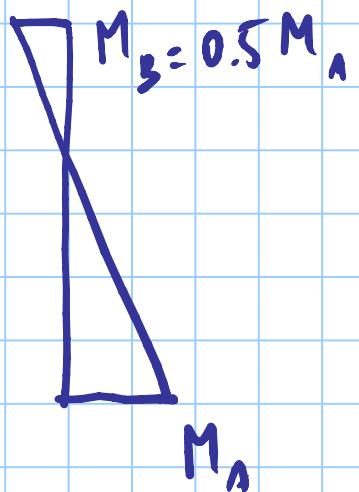
$$M_{y_1} \leq M_{\max}$$

Mit d. A

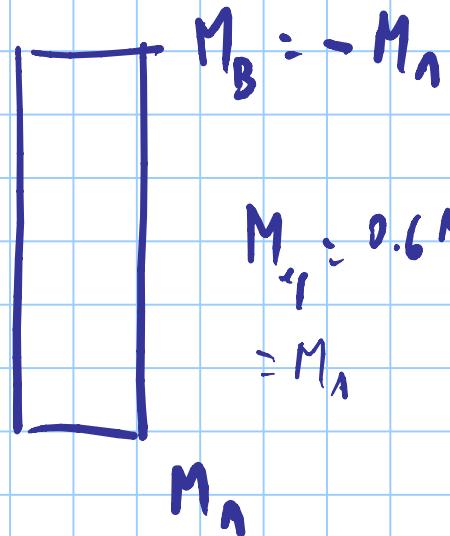
$$M_{ed} = 0.6 M_A - 0.4 M_B \geq 0.5 M_A$$



$$M_{eq} = 0.6 M_A$$



$$M_{eq} = 0.6 M_A - 0.5 M_B = 0.4 M_A$$



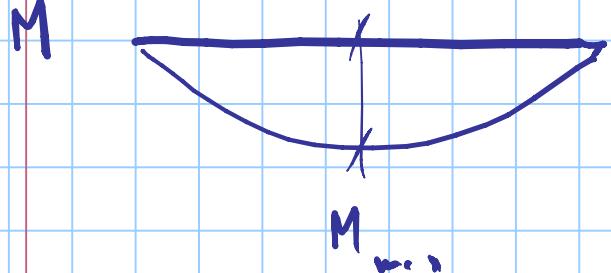
$$\begin{aligned} M_{eq} &= 0.6 M_A - 0.5 M_B = \\ &= M_A \end{aligned}$$

\downarrow

$-M_A$

$$\downarrow$$

$0.5 M_A$

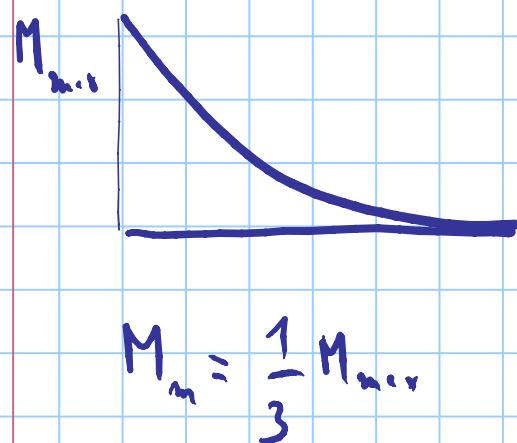


$$M_{eq} = 1.3 M_m$$

$$0.75 M_{m\text{ax}} \leq M_{eq} \leq M_{m\text{in}}$$

$$M_m = \frac{2}{3} M_{m\text{ax}}$$

$$M_{eq} = 1.3 \times \frac{2}{3} M_{m\text{ax}} = 0.867 M_{m\text{ax}}$$

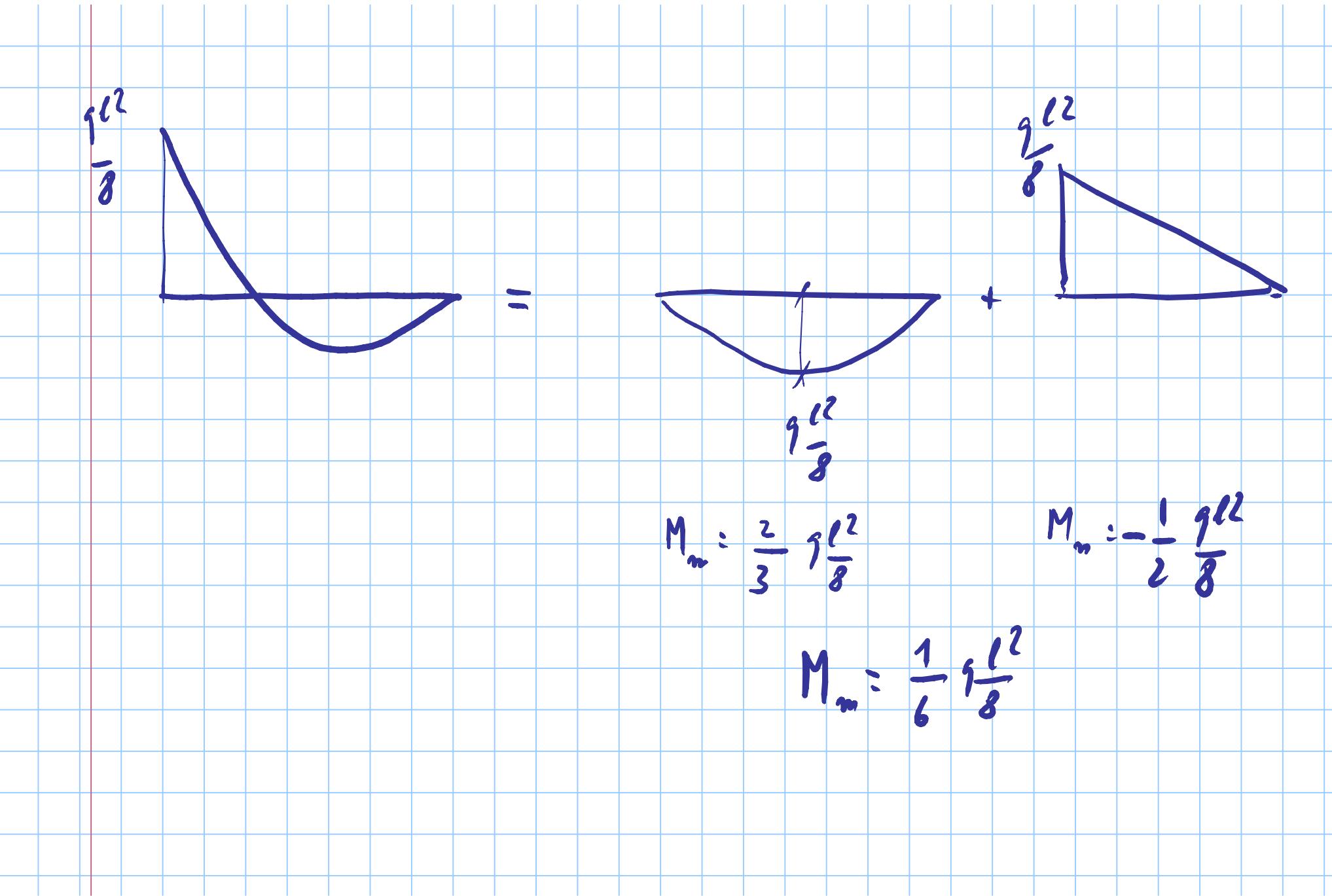


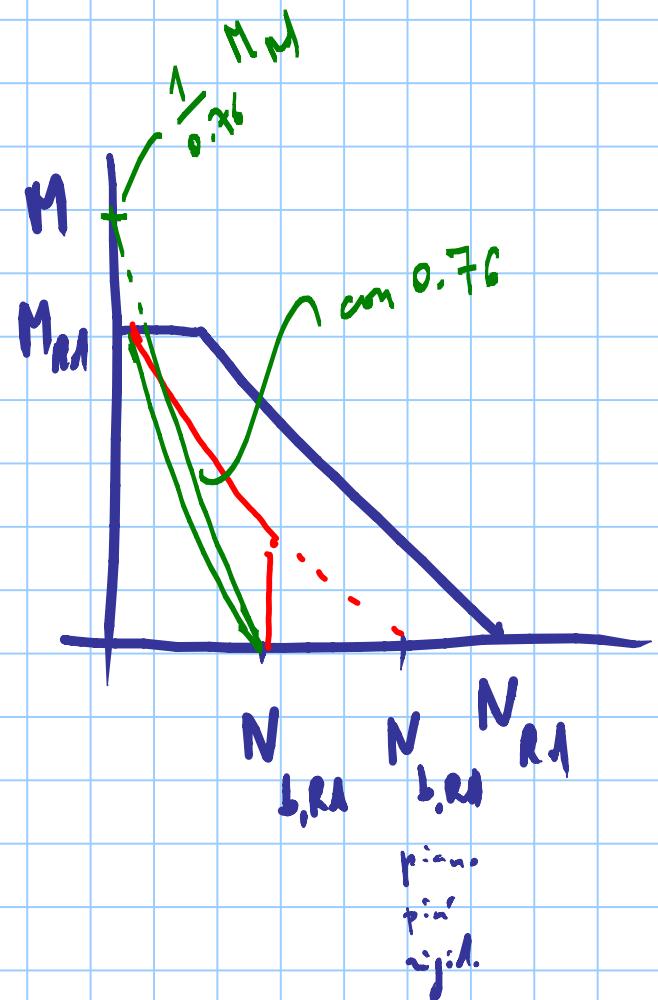
$$M_m = \frac{1}{3} M_{m\text{ax}}$$

$$M_{eq} = 1.3 \times \frac{1}{3} M_{m\text{ax}} = 0.433 M_{m\text{ax}}$$

0.75

$$\frac{q l^2}{8}$$



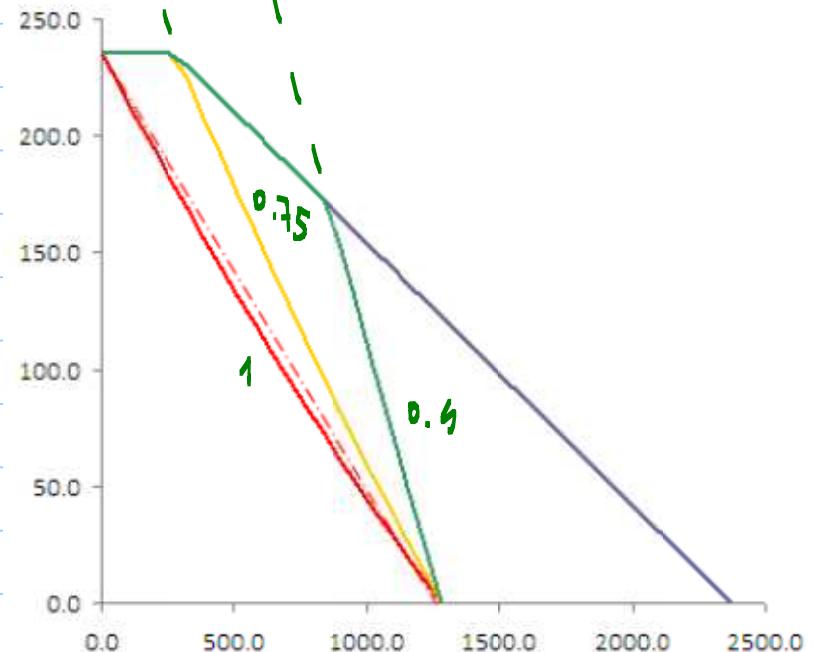


(A)

$$\frac{N_{EI}}{N_{b,R1}} + \frac{M_{y,EI,eq}}{M_{pl} \left(1 - \frac{N_{EI}}{N_h} \right)} \leq 1$$

$$\text{for } N = 0 \quad \frac{0.76 M_{\max}}{M_{pl}} \leq 1$$

$$M_{EI} \leq \frac{1}{0.76} M_{R1} = 1.32 M_H$$



metodo A

m2T.1. B

k	Tipi di sezione	Sezioni di classe 3 e 4 (proprietà delle sezioni calcolate in campo elastico)	
		Sezioni di classe 1 e 2 (proprietà delle sezioni calcolate in campo plastico)	Sezioni di classe 1 e 2 (proprietà delle sezioni calcolate in campo plastico)
k_{yy}	I, H, Sezioni cave	$\alpha_{my} \cdot \left(1 + 0,6 \cdot \bar{\lambda}_y \cdot \frac{N_{Ed} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{\chi_y \cdot A \cdot f_{yk}}\right) \leq \alpha_{my} \cdot \left(1 + 0,6 \cdot \frac{N_{Ed} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{\chi_y \cdot A \cdot f_{yk}}\right)$	$\alpha_{my} \cdot \left(1 + (\bar{\lambda}_y - 0,2) \cdot \frac{N_{Ed} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{\chi_y \cdot A \cdot f_{yk}}\right) \leq \alpha_{my} \cdot \left(1 + 0,8 \cdot \frac{N_{Ed} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{\chi_y \cdot A \cdot f_{yk}}\right)$
k_{zz}	I, H, Sezioni cave	k_{zz}	$\alpha_{my} \cdot k_{zz}$
k_{yy}	I, H, Sezioni cave	$0,8 \cdot k_{yy}$	$0,6 \cdot k_{yy}$
k_{zz}	I, H Sezioni cave	$\alpha_{mx} \cdot \left(1 + 0,6 \cdot \bar{\lambda}_y \cdot \frac{N_{Ed} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{\chi_y \cdot A \cdot f_{yk}}\right) \leq \alpha_{mx} \cdot \left(1 + 0,6 \cdot \frac{N_{Ed} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{\chi_y \cdot A \cdot f_{yk}}\right)$	$\alpha_{mx} \cdot \left(1 + (2\bar{\lambda}_y - 0,6) \cdot \frac{N_{Ed} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{\chi_y \cdot A \cdot f_{yk}}\right) \leq \alpha_{mx} \cdot \left(1 + 1,4 \cdot \frac{N_{Ed} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{\chi_y \cdot A \cdot f_{yk}}\right)$
			$\alpha_{mx} \cdot \left(1 + (\bar{\lambda}_y - 0,2) \cdot \frac{N_{Ed} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{\chi_y \cdot A \cdot f_{yk}}\right) \leq \alpha_{mx} \cdot \left(1 + 0,8 \cdot \frac{N_{Ed} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{\chi_y \cdot A \cdot f_{yk}}\right)$
Per pressoflessione retta ($M_{x,Ed} = 0$, $k_{xy} = 0$ ($M_{x,Rd} = 0$))			

$$K_{yy} = \alpha_{my} \left[1 + (\bar{\lambda} - 0,2) \frac{N_{Ed}}{N_{y,b,R1}} \right] \leq \alpha_{my} \left[1 + 0,8 \frac{N_{Ed}}{N_{y,l,R1}} \right]$$

circoletti NTC 08

Ec 3

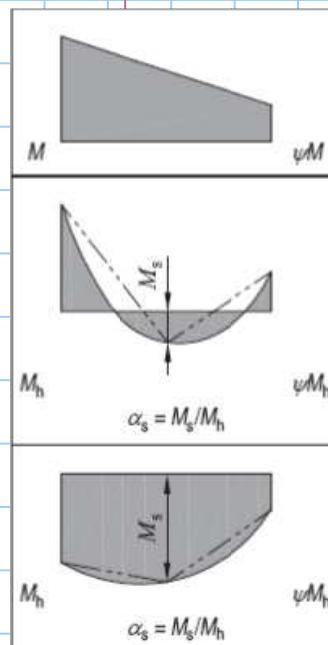


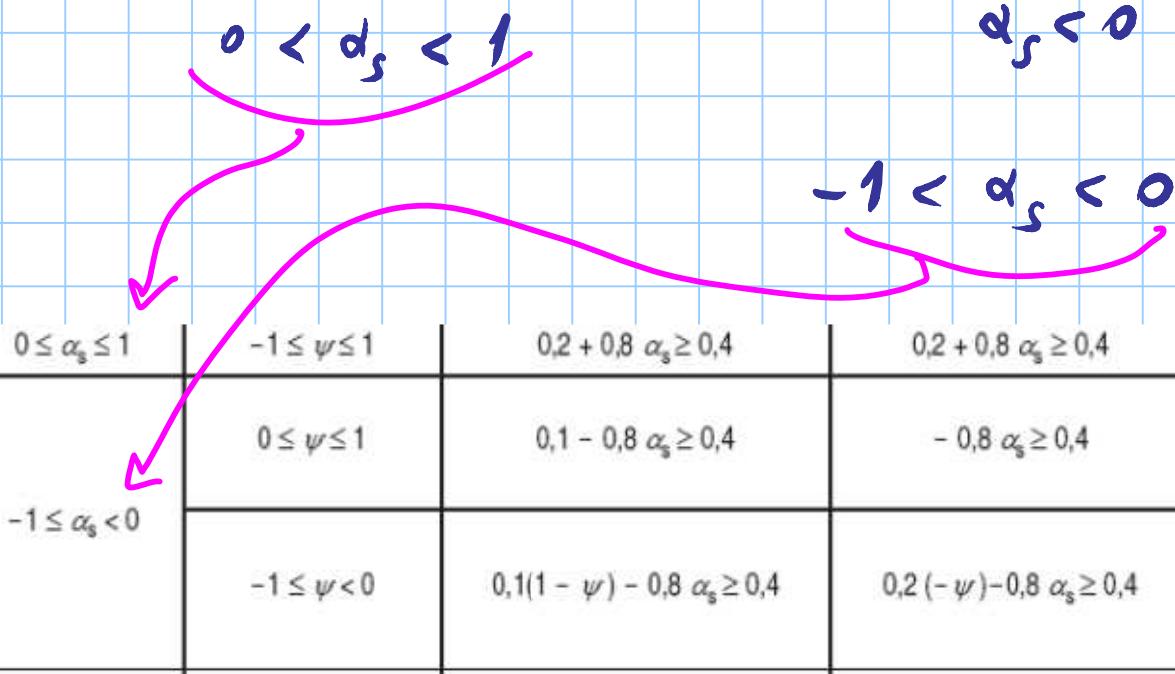
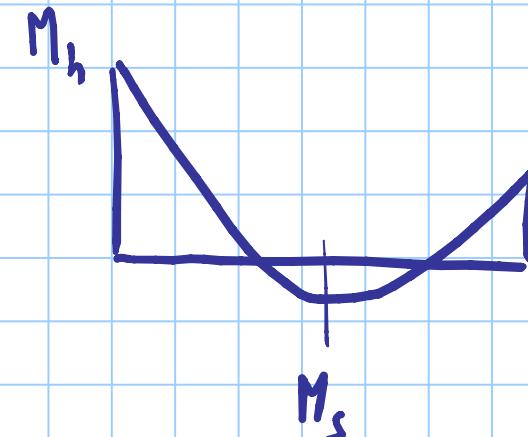
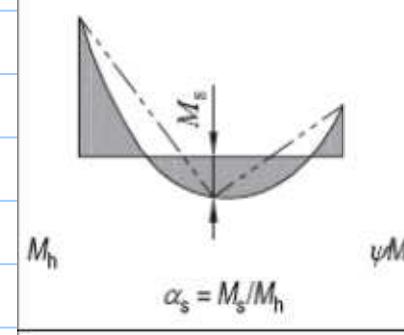
Diagramma del momento	Intervallo	Coeffienti α_{my} , α_{mz} , α_{mLT}	
		Carico uniforme	Carico concentrato
M_h <p>ψM_h</p>	$-1 \leq \psi \leq 1$	$0,6 + 0,4\psi \geq 0,4$	
M_h <p>M_s</p> <p>$\alpha_s = M_s/M_h$</p>	$0 \leq \alpha_s \leq 1$	$0,2 + 0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$	$0,2 + 0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$
	$-1 \leq \alpha_s < 0$	$0 \leq \psi \leq 1$	$0,1 - 0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$
		$-1 \leq \psi \leq 0$	$0,1(1-\psi) - 0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$
			$0,2(-\psi) - 0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$
M_h <p>M_s</p> <p>$\alpha_s = M_s/M_h$</p>	$0 \leq \alpha_h \leq 1$	$0,95 + 0,05\alpha_h$	$0,90 + 0,10\alpha_h$
	$-1 \leq \alpha_h < 0$	$0 \leq \psi \leq 1$	$0,95 + 0,05\alpha_h$
		$-1 \leq \psi \leq 0$	$0,95 + 0,05\alpha_h(1+2\psi)$
			$0,90 + 0,10\alpha_h(1+2\psi)$

M_s è il momento in mezzera

$\psi > 0$ se M_s e M_h hanno lo stesso segno come car. zoll.

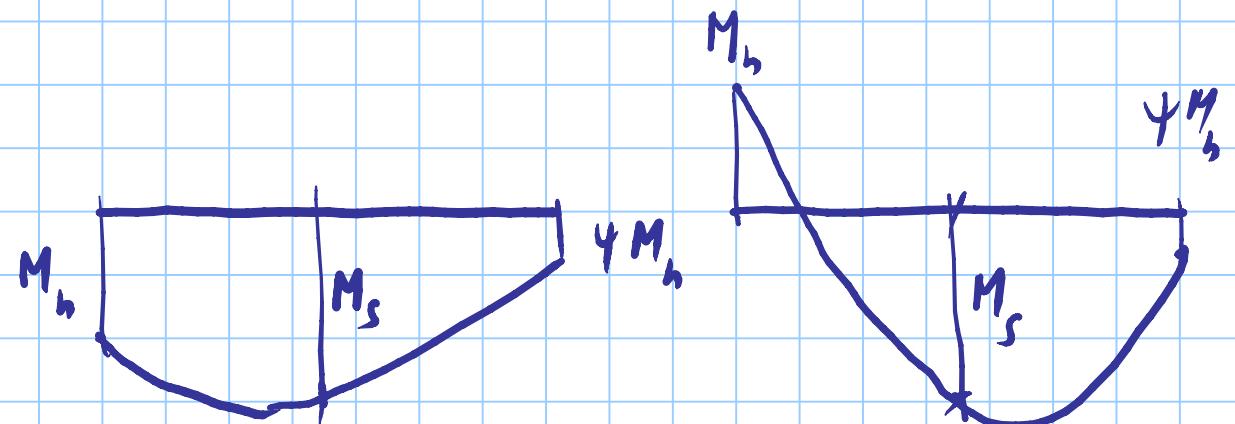
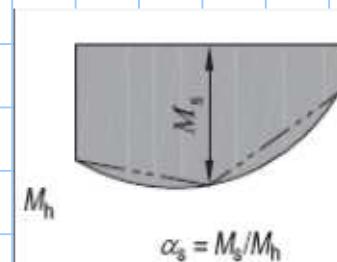
$$|M_h| > |M_s|$$

$$\alpha_s := \frac{M_s}{M_h}$$



$$|M_s| > |M_h|$$

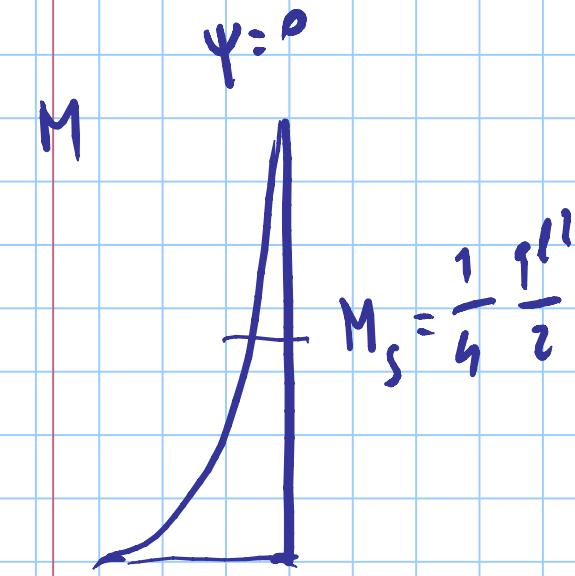
$$\alpha_h = \frac{M_h}{M_s}$$



$$\alpha_h > 0$$

$$\alpha_h < 0$$

$0 \leq \alpha_h \leq 1$	$-1 \leq \psi \leq 1$	$0,95 + 0,05 \alpha_h$	$0,90 + 0,10 \alpha_h$
$-1 \leq \alpha_h < 0$	$0 \leq \psi \leq 1$	$0,95 + 0,05 \alpha_h$	$0,90 + 0,10 \alpha_h$
	$-1 \leq \psi < 0$	$0,95 + 0,05 \alpha_h (1 + 2 \psi)$	$0,90 + 0,10 \alpha_h (1 + 2 \psi)$



$$M_h = \frac{q}{2} l^2$$

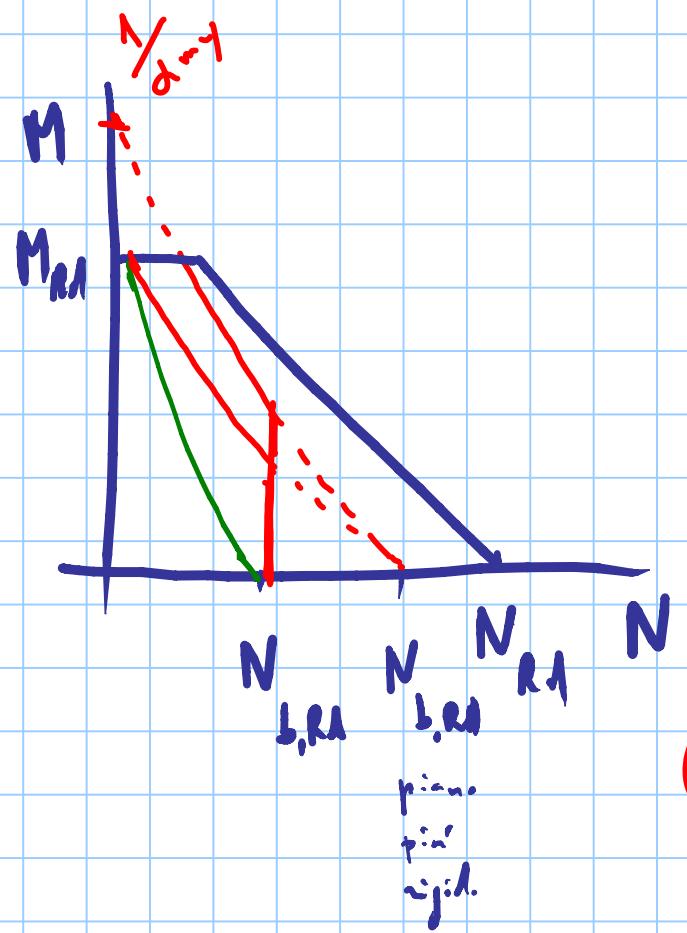
$$M_s < M_h$$

$$\alpha_s = 0.25$$

Diagramma del momento	Intervallo	Coeffienti α_{my} , α_{mx} , α_{mLT}	
		Carico uniforme	Carico concentrato
	$-1 \leq \psi \leq 1$	$0,6 + 0,4\psi \geq 0,4$	
 $\alpha_s = M_s/M_h$	$0 \leq \alpha_s \leq 1$	$0,2 + 0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$	$0,2 + 0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$
	$-1 \leq \alpha_s < 0$	$0 \leq \psi \leq 1$ $0,1 - 0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$	$-0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$
	$-1 \leq \psi \leq 0$	$0,1(1-\psi) - 0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$	$0,2(-\psi) - 0,8\alpha_s \geq 0,4$
 $\alpha_b = M_b/M_s$	$0 \leq \alpha_b \leq 1$	$0,95 + 0,05\alpha_b$	$0,90 + 0,10\alpha_b$
	$-1 \leq \alpha_b < 0$	$0 \leq \psi \leq 1$ $0,95 + 0,05\alpha_b$	$0,90 + 0,10\alpha_b$
	$-1 \leq \psi \leq 0$	$0,95 + 0,05\alpha_b(1+2\psi)$	$0,90 + 0,10\alpha_b(1+2\psi)$

$$\alpha_{ny} = 0,2 + 0,8 \alpha_s \geq 0,4$$

$$\alpha_{ny} = 0,4$$



$$N=0$$

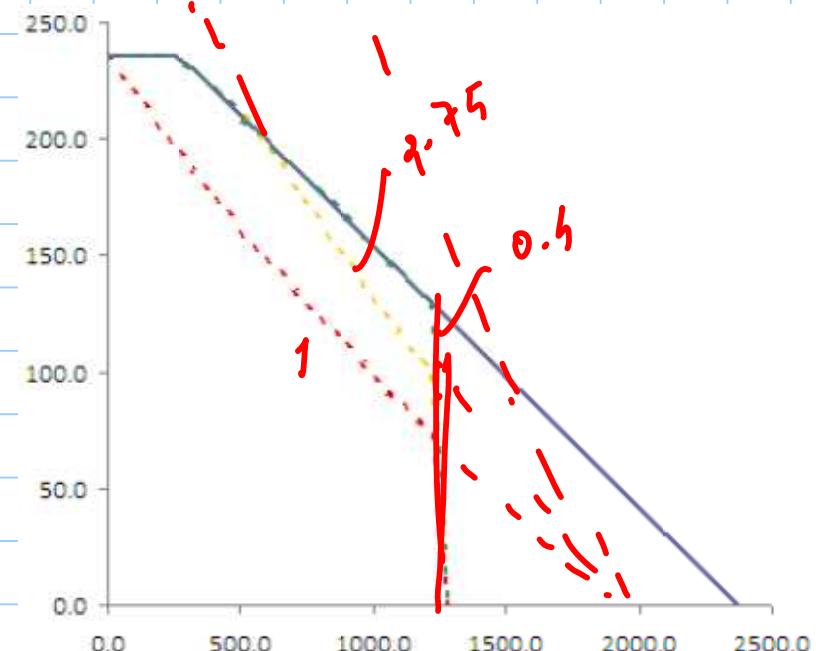
$$\frac{\alpha \gamma_y K_{yy} M_{y,el}}{M_{R_u}} \leq 1$$

$$M_{m,c,y} \leq \frac{1}{\alpha_{m,y}} M_{R_u}$$

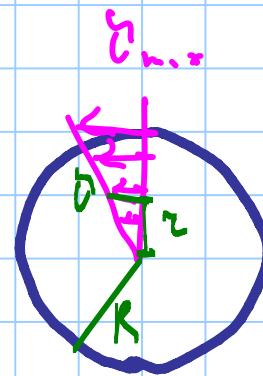
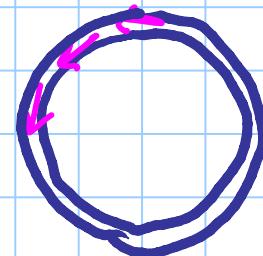
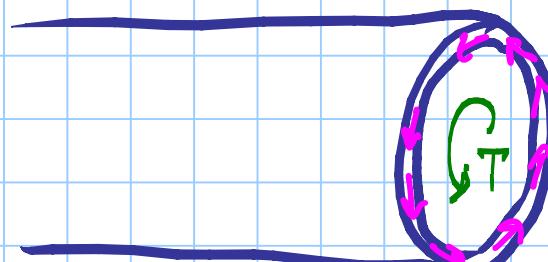
$$\alpha_{m,y} = 0.7f$$

$$(B) \frac{N_{el}}{N_{y,b,H}} + \frac{K_{yy} M_{y,el}}{M_{R_u}} \leq 1$$

$$\frac{N_{el}}{N_{e,b,H}} \leq 1$$

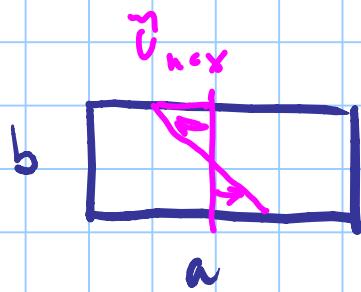


TORSIONE



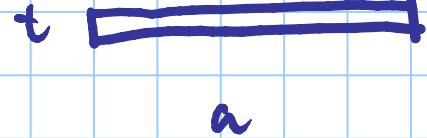
$$\tau_{\text{cont}} = \frac{T r}{I_p}$$

$$\tau = \tau_{\text{max}} \frac{r}{R}$$



$$\Upsilon = \Psi \frac{T}{a b^2}$$

$$a > b$$

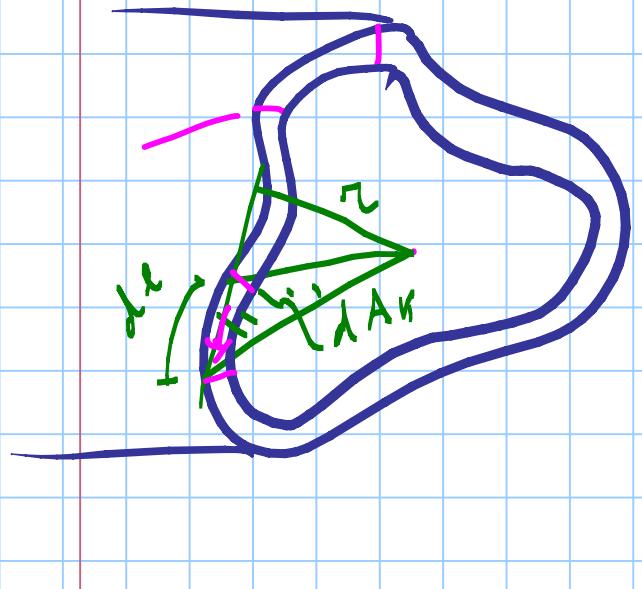


$$\Upsilon = 3 \frac{T}{a t^2} = \frac{T t}{I_T}$$

$$a \gg t$$

$$\Psi = 3$$

$$I_T = \frac{1}{3} a t^3$$



$$I_T := \frac{1}{3} \sum a_i t_i^3$$

$$C_{max} := \frac{Tt}{I_T}$$

$$F = t \cdot l \cdot c$$



BREDT

$$c = \frac{T}{2t A_k}$$

$$0t \approx c \cdot \pi t$$

$$\int c \cdot t \cdot dl \cdot r = T$$

$$c t z A_k = T$$

DE SAINT VENANT

Torsione

primaria

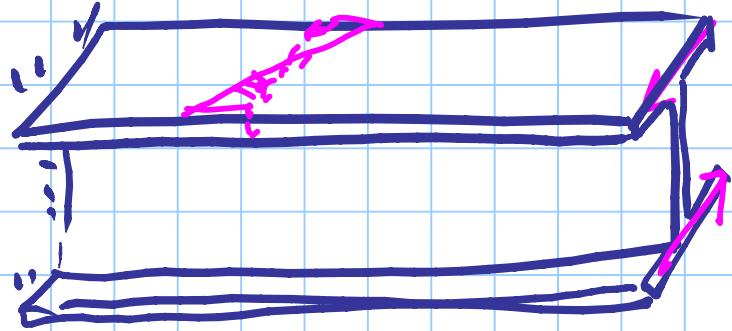
VLASOV

Torsione per
elementi aperti molto rotti

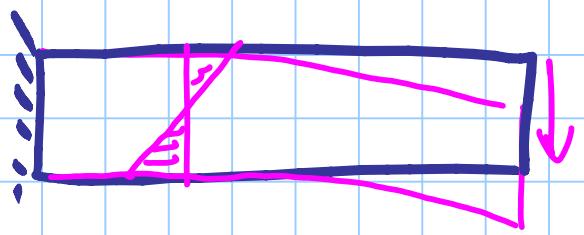
secondaria

INCASILS

$C^2 M \rightarrow \sigma$



σ



$m \text{ and}$
 M