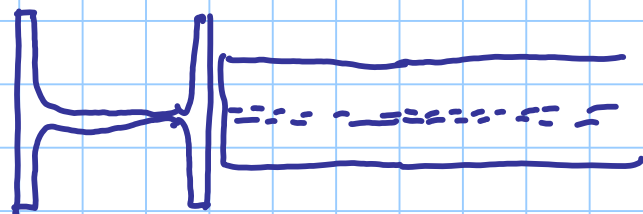
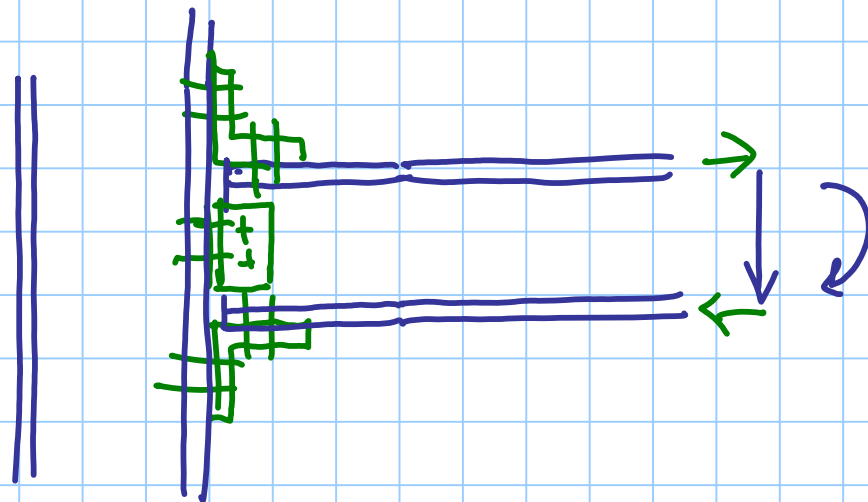


COLLEGAMENTI PER TRASMETTERE

M, V

Titolo nota

22/01/2015



per trasmettere
V

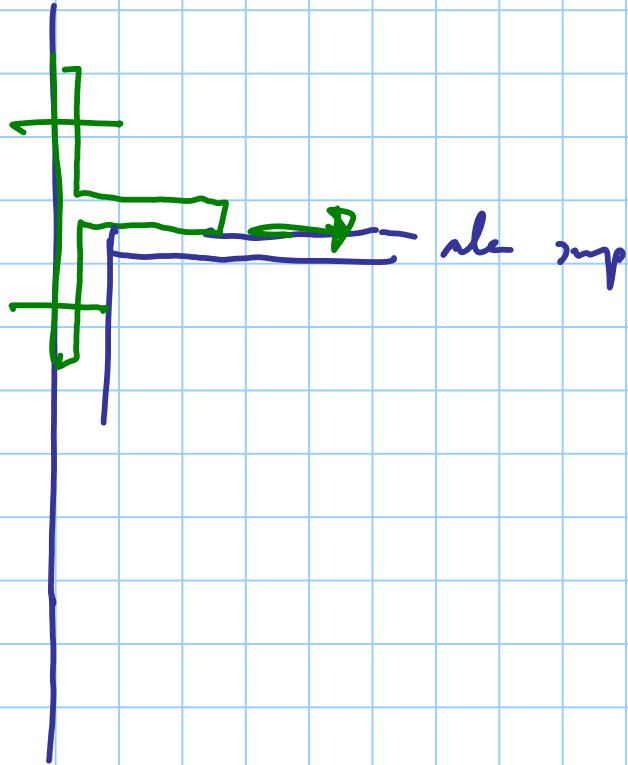
inf
sup

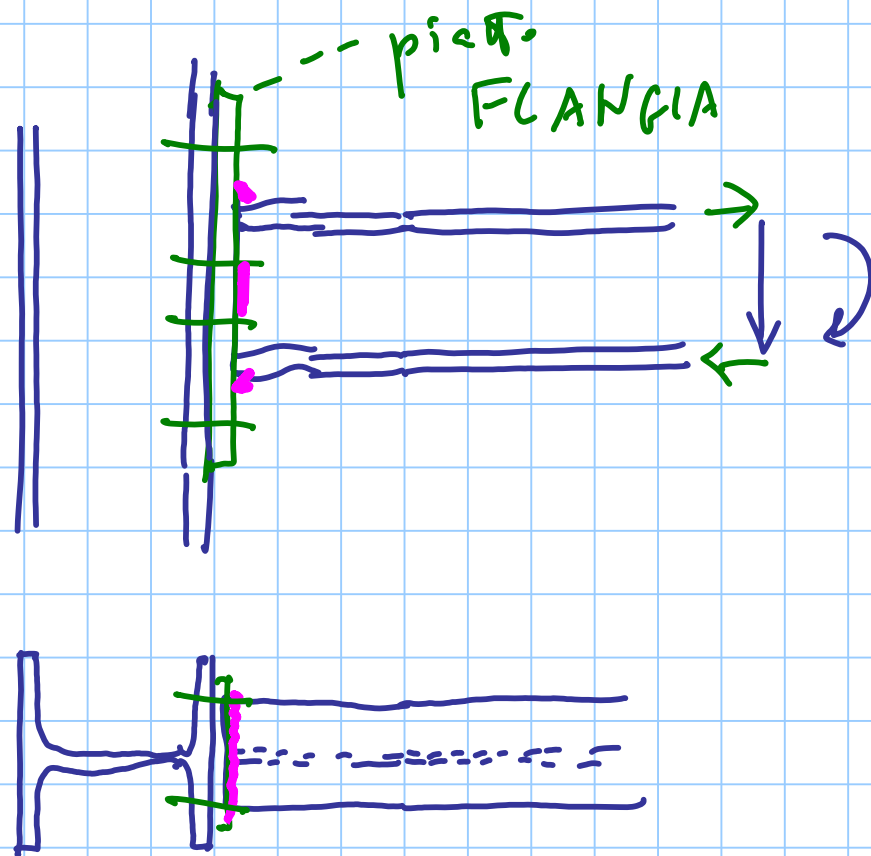


per trasmettere
M

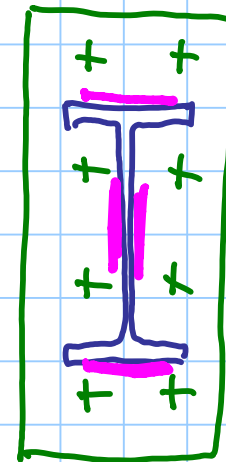
al posto di L un

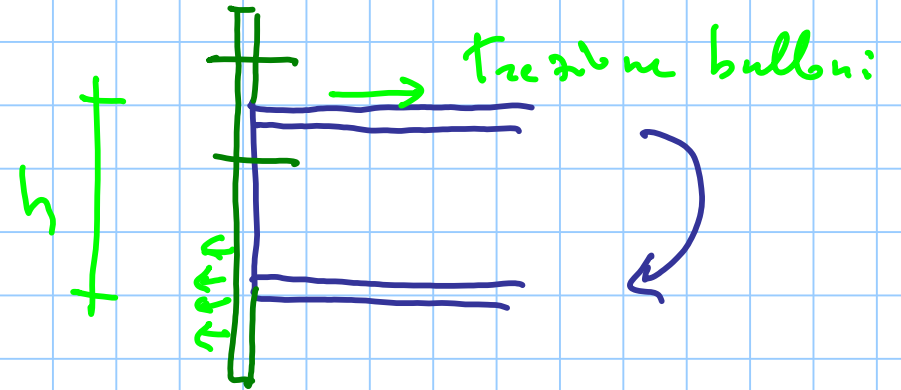
\vdash
(T STUB)

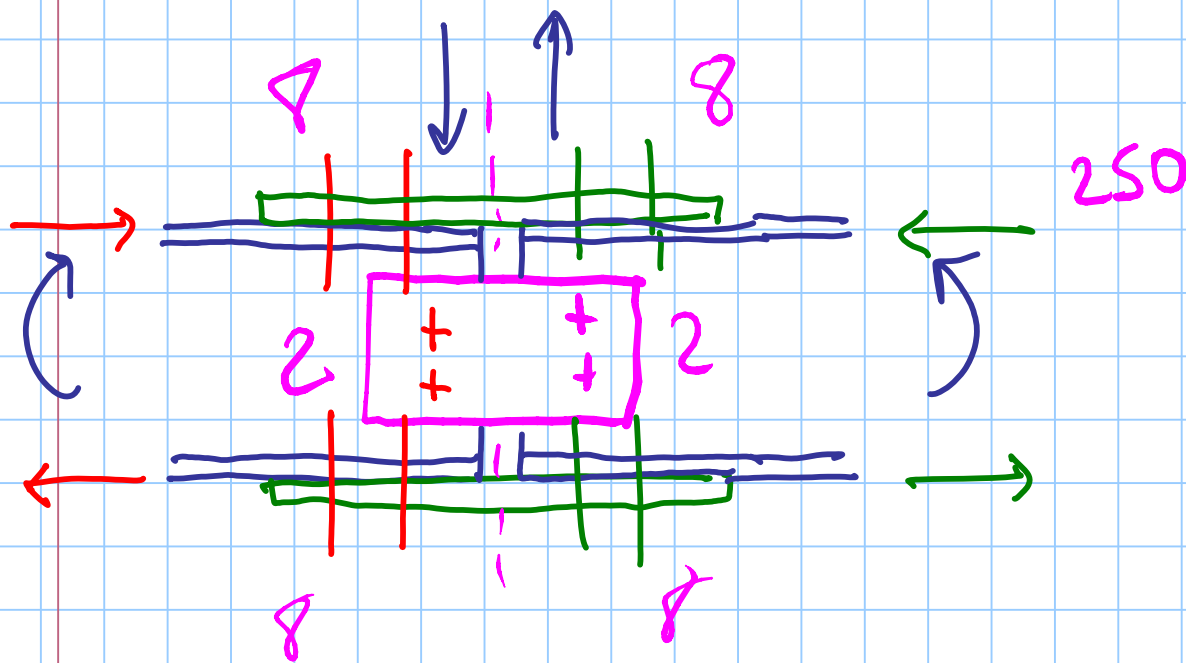




COLLEGAMENTO
FLANGIATO







TOT = 36 bolts:

IPE 240 S 235

$$W_{pl} = 366.6 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$M_R = 82.0 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{Ed} = \underline{60} \text{ kNm}$$

$$h = 240 \text{ mm}; t_f = 9.8 \text{ mm}$$

$$V_{Ed} = 140 \text{ kN}$$

il moment. flettente è trasmesso mediante taglio
dai bulloni che collegano al/piatti sup/inf
con $n_s = 1$

$$N = \frac{M}{h} = \frac{60.0}{0.24} = 250 \text{ kN}$$

si usano bulloni M16 5.6 fil $F_{v,Rd} = 37.7 \text{ kN}$

$$n_b = \frac{250}{37.7} = 6.6 \text{ bulloni} \rightarrow 8 \text{ bulloni}$$

il taglio è trasmesso mediante i bulloni dei
piatti a fianco all'asseme

$$n_s = 2$$

$$n_b = \frac{140}{2 \times 37.7} = 1.86 \rightarrow 2 \text{ bulloni} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{bulloni con sopra} \\ \text{bulloni} \end{array}$$

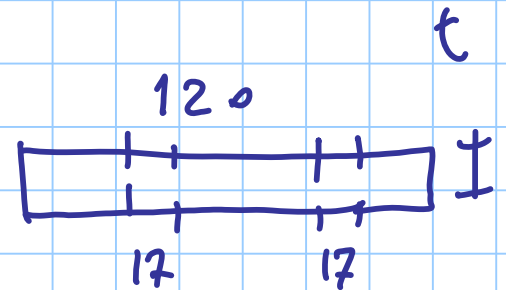
progett. del piatt. sup/inf

piatt. Tuso $250 \leq N_{pl, Rd} = A \frac{f_y}{\gamma_{M0}}$

$$250 \leq N_{u, Rd} = 0.9 A_{net} \frac{f_u}{\gamma_{M2}}$$

$$A \geq \frac{250 \times 10^3 \times 1.05}{235} = 1117 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_{net} \geq \frac{250 \times 10^3 \times 1.25}{0.9 \times 360} = 965 \text{ mm}^2$$



$$120 t \geq 1117 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$t \geq 9.3 \text{ mm}$$

$$(120 - 2 \times 17) t \geq 965 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$t \geq 11.2 \text{ mm}$$

$$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{86}$$

$$\text{uly. } t = 12 \text{ mm}$$

$$N_{p, R1} = 120 \times 12 \times \frac{235}{1.05} \times 10^{-3} = 322.3 \text{ kN}$$

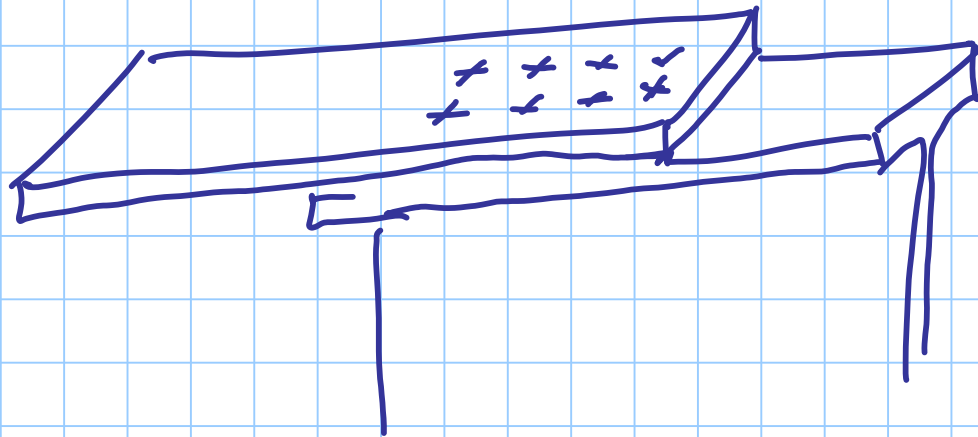
$$N_{u, R1} = 0.9 \times 86 \times 12 \times \frac{360}{1.25} \times 10^{-3} = 267.5 \text{ kN} > 250$$

resistenza a taglio dei bulloni

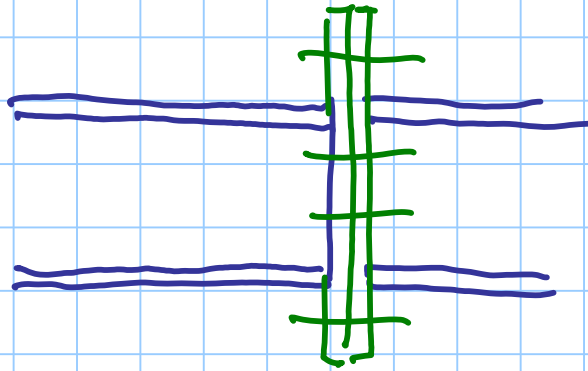
$$8 \times 37.7 = 301.6 \text{ kN}$$

(ipotesi) res. rifollamento

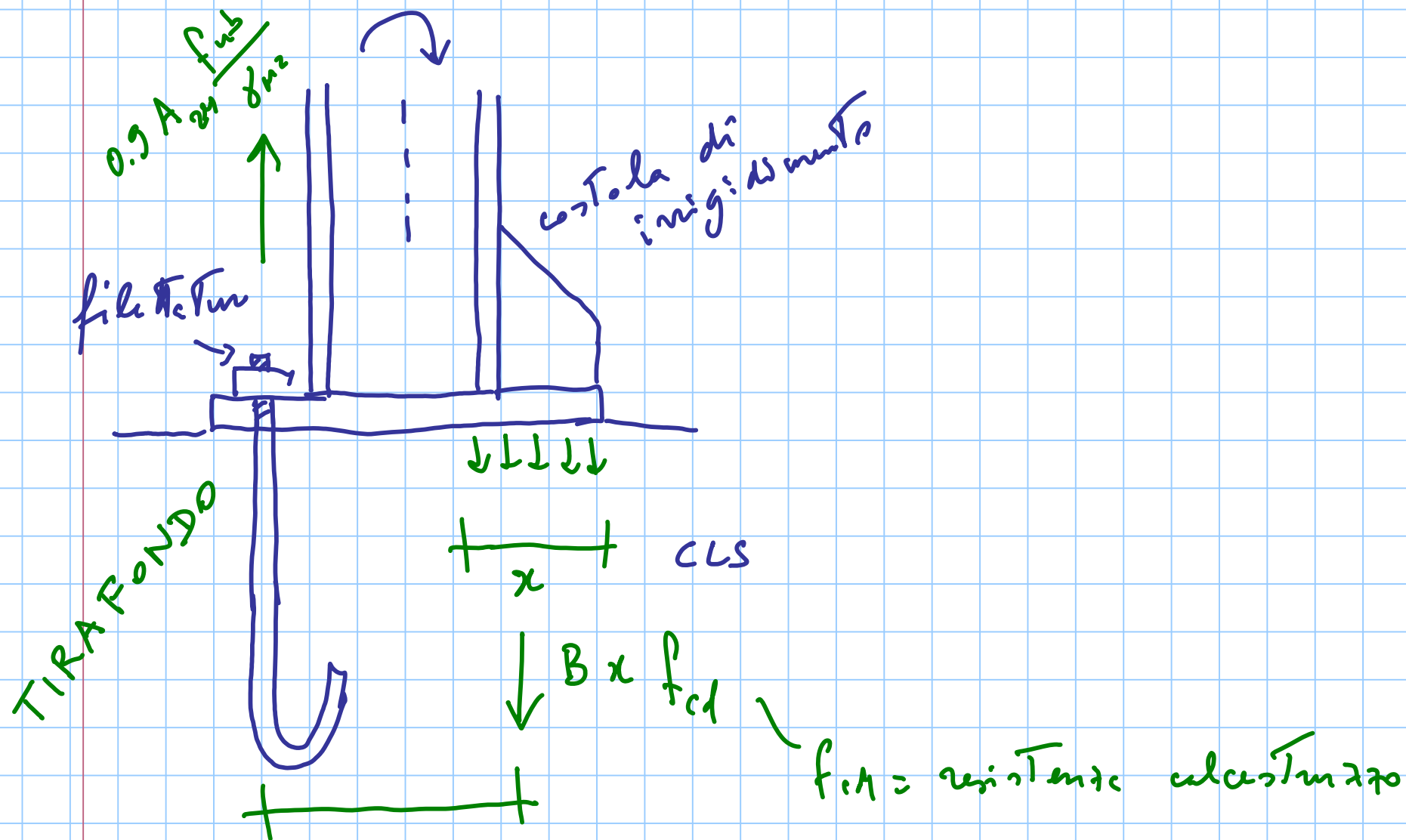
$$F_{b,R} = 284.5 \text{ kN}$$

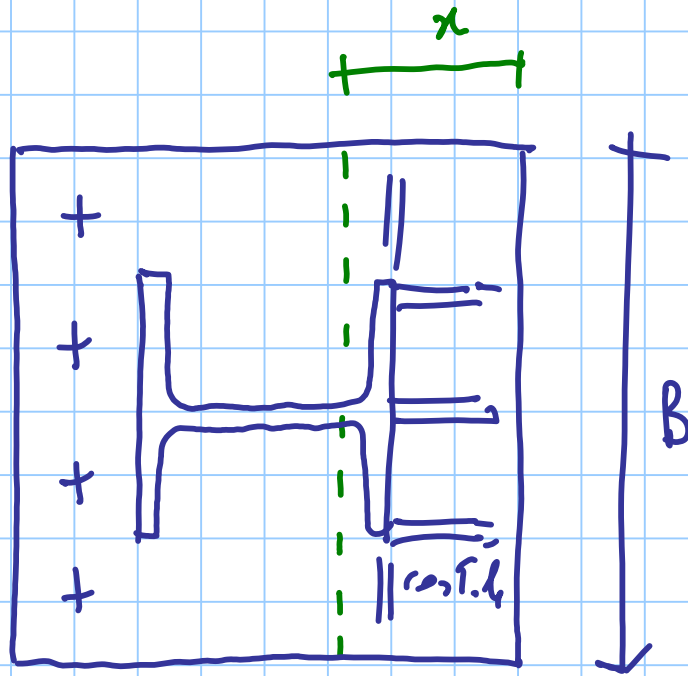


collegamento Trave - Trave flangiate.



Collegamento colonna - fondazione





VERIFICA

- 1) calcolo x da equilibrio. Tension
- 2) determinare M_{Rd} come forza \times braccio

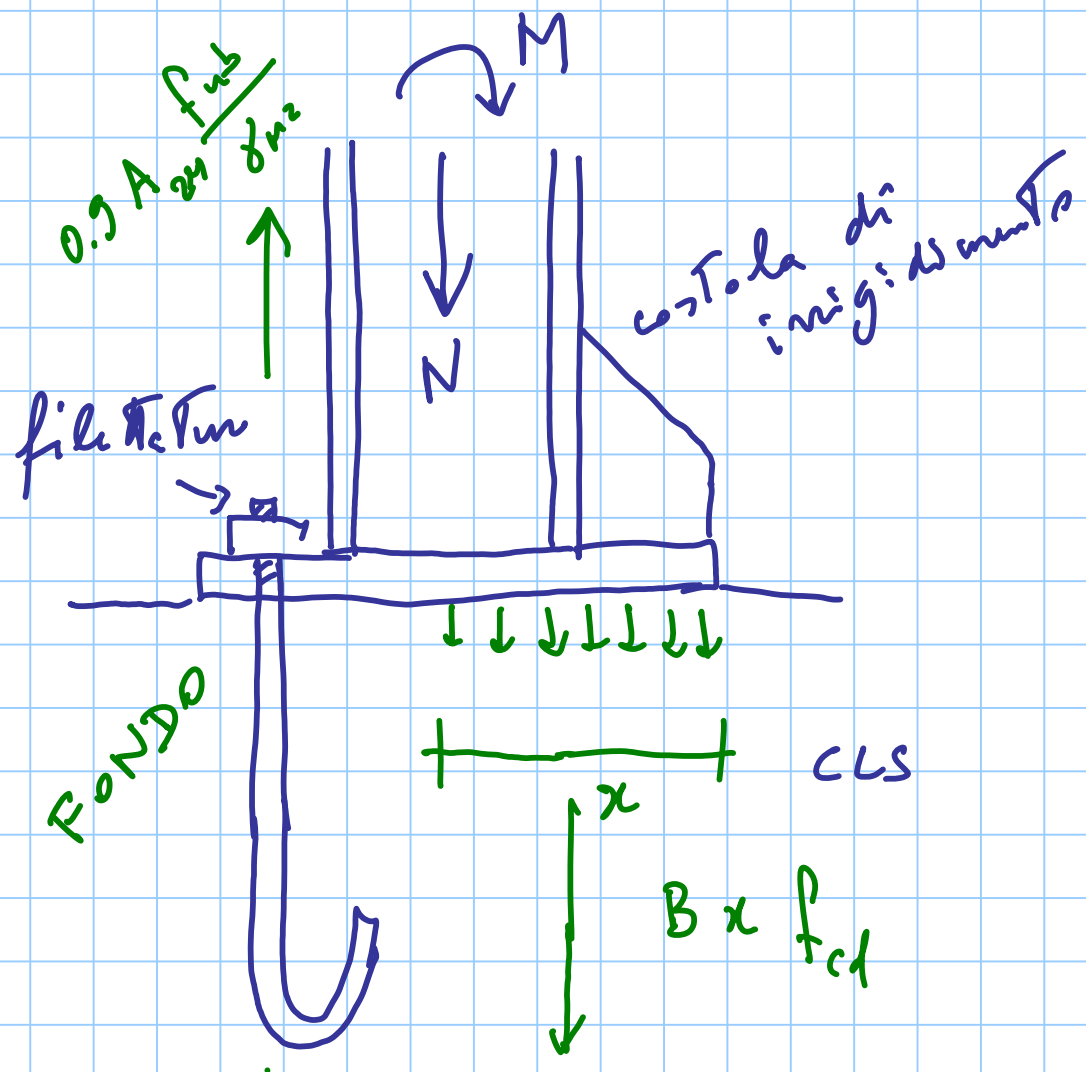
PROGETT- (dimensione piatto già definite)

1) ipotizz. un braccio

2) calc. $N \approx \frac{M}{br.}$ e progett. i Tirafondi

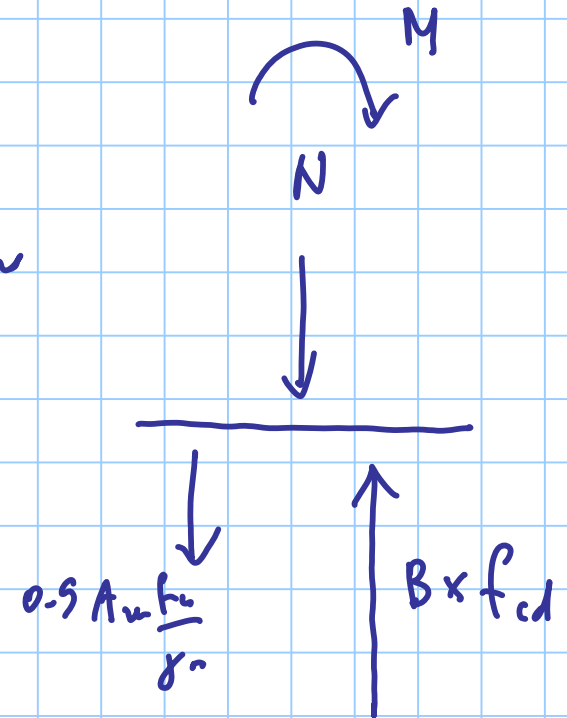
3) determino x da equilibri, Traslezioni

4) da x trovo braccio che confronto con valore ipotizzato



VERIFICA

- 1) calcolo α da equilibrio. Translation
interviene anche N

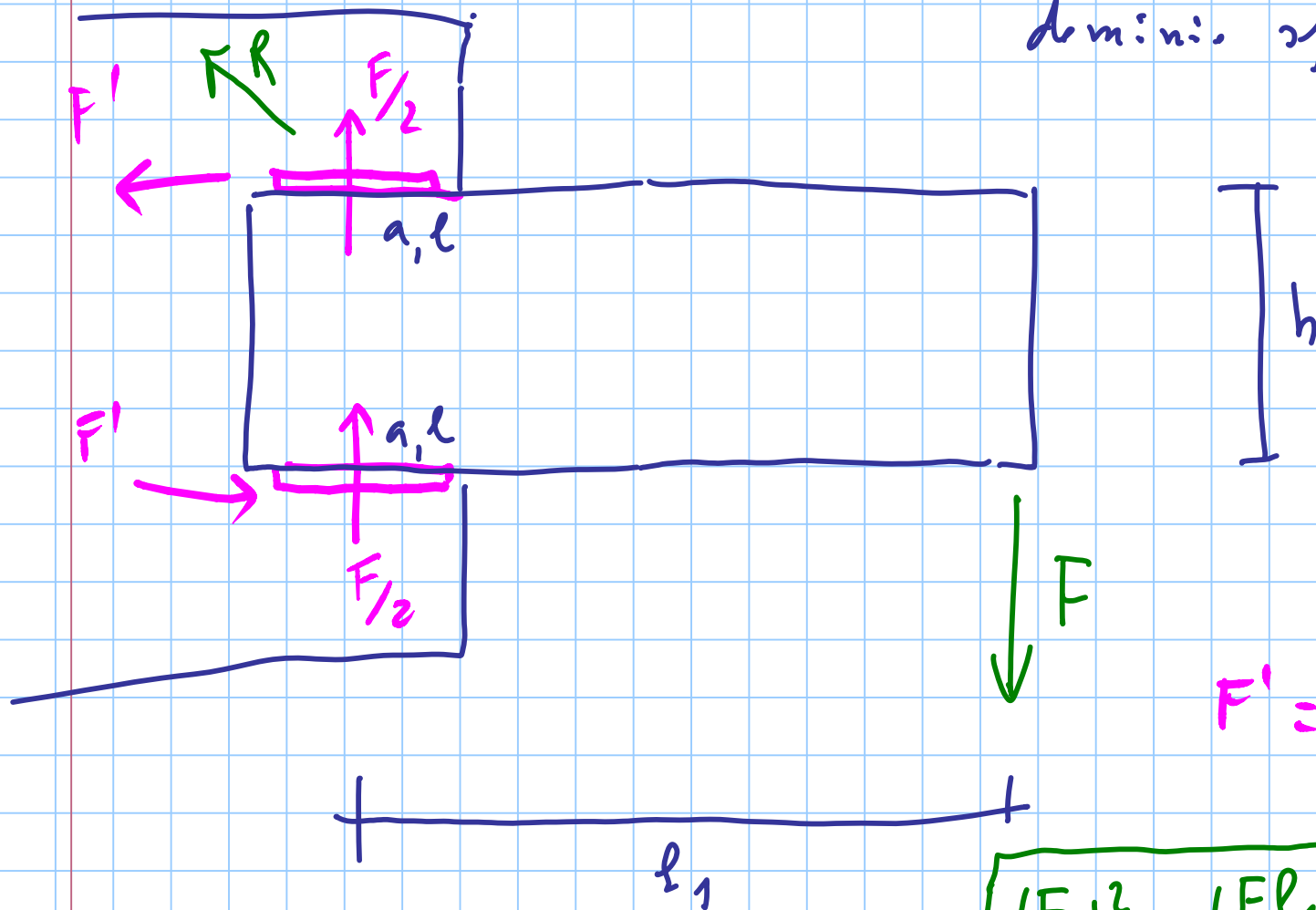


- 2) calcolo M_{Re} come?

equilibrio alla rotazione

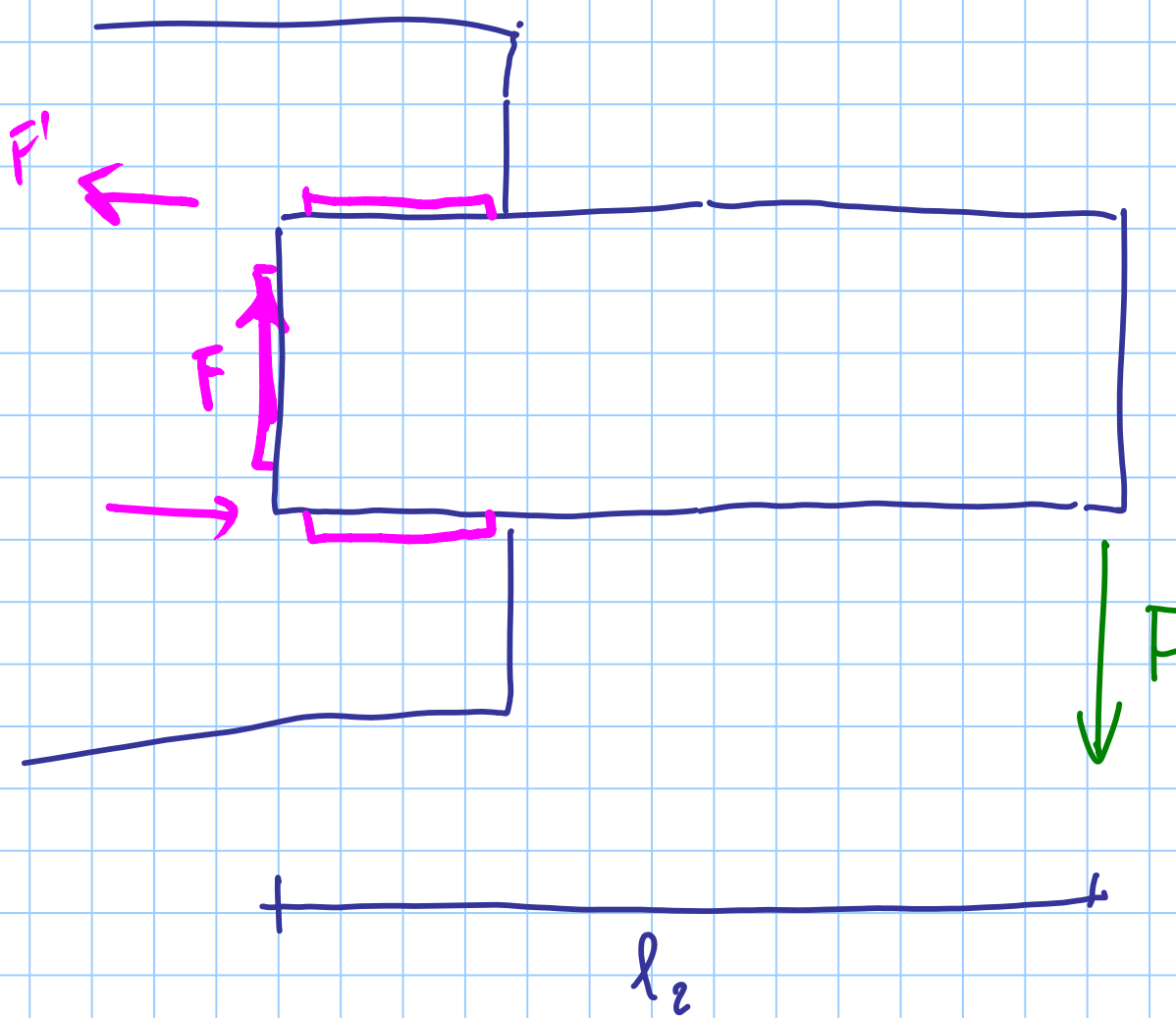
rispetto al baricentro della colonna

domini: sfera (per comodità)

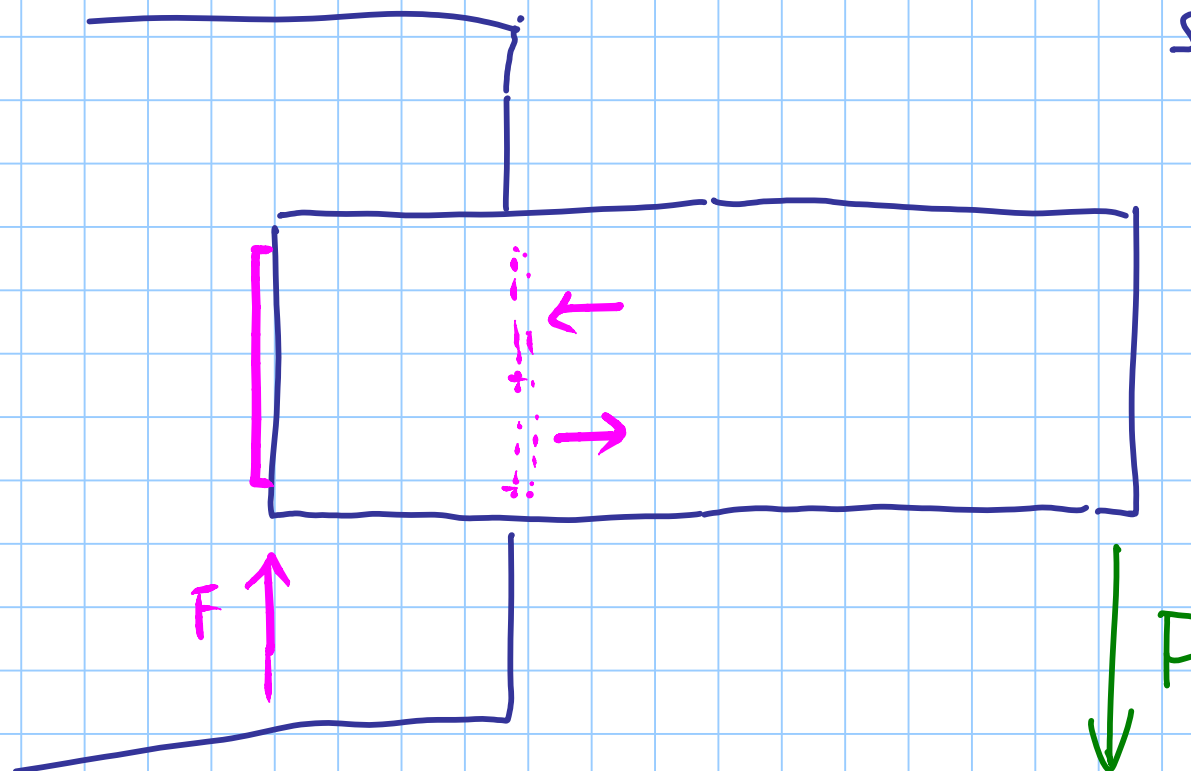


$$F' = \frac{F l_1}{h}$$

$$R_{E1} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{F}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F l_1}{h}\right)^2} \leq R_{\text{max}} = \text{allowable stress}$$



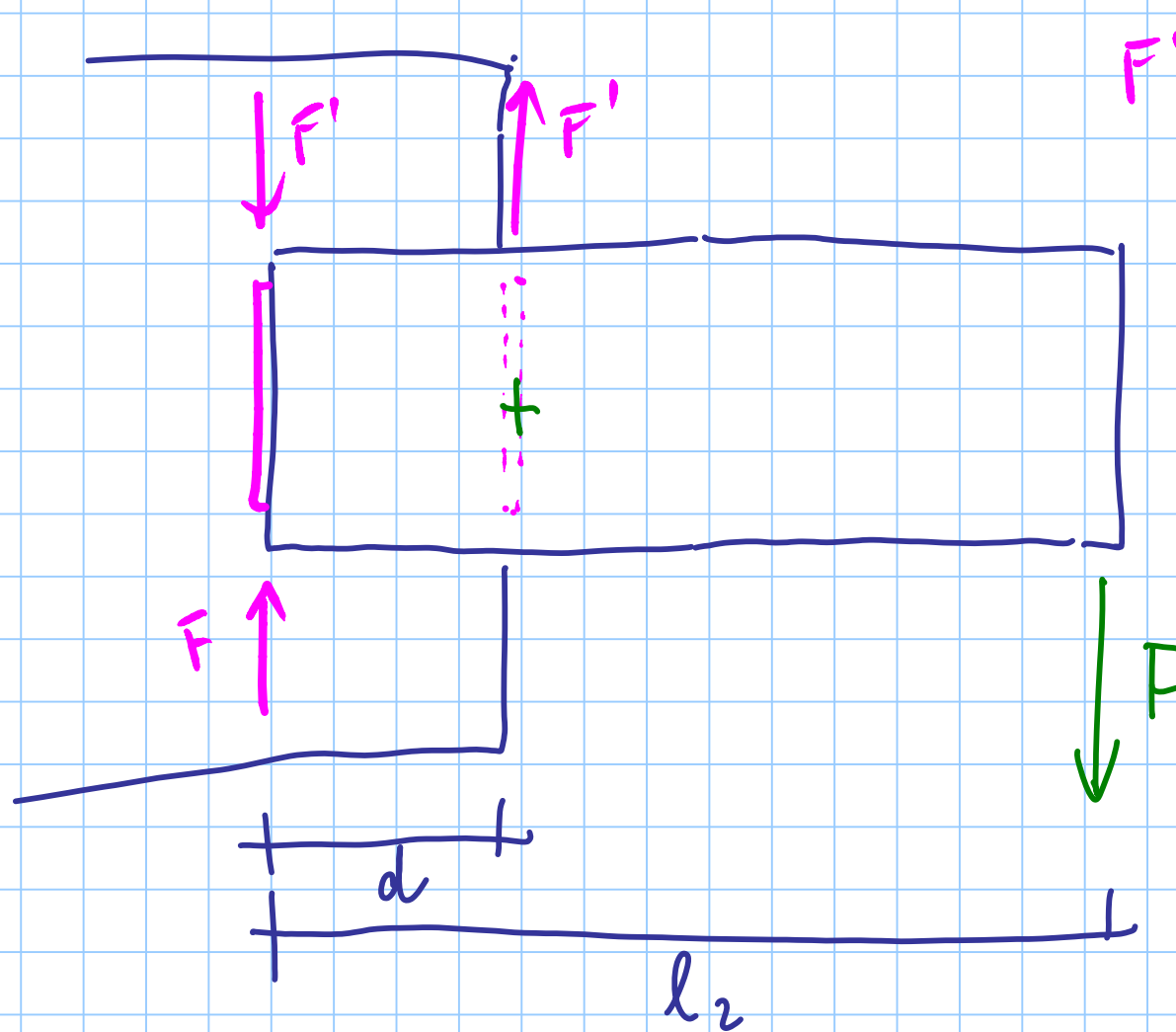
$$F' = \frac{F l_2}{h}$$



SOLUZIONE

- possibile

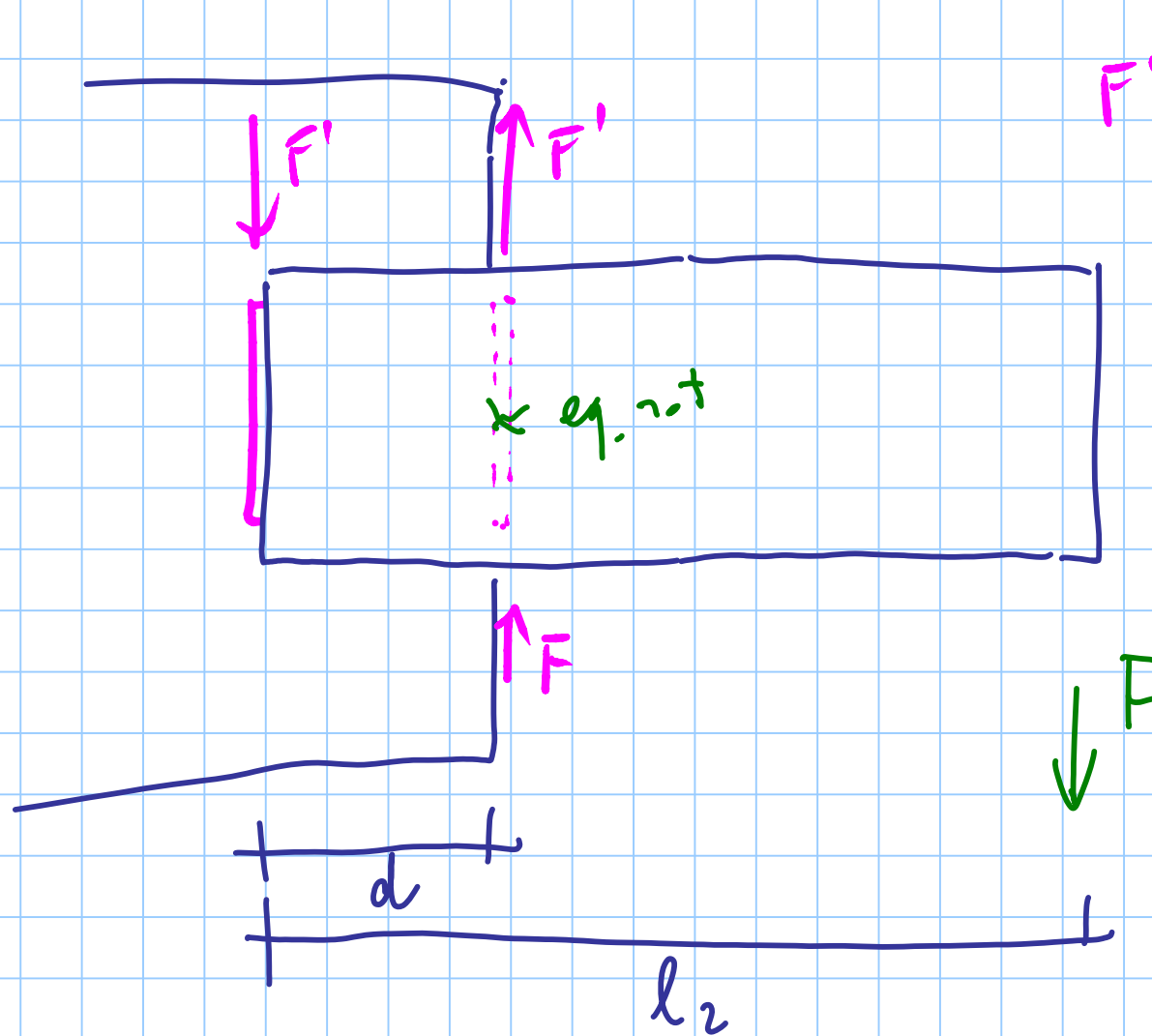
- non buona



$$F' = \frac{F l_2}{d}$$

PROGETTO

- sarebbe meglio
fare più largo
il cordone di
destra



$$F' = \frac{F(l_2 - d)}{d}$$