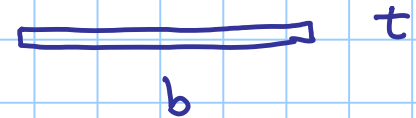


$$N_n = \frac{\pi^2 E I}{l_o^2} [Euler]$$



$$A = b t$$

$$I = \frac{b t^3}{12}$$

$$\sigma_n = \frac{\pi^2 E I}{l_o^2 A} [Euler] = \frac{\pi^2 E \frac{b t^3}{12}}{b^2 t} =$$

$$= \frac{k \pi^2 E t^2}{12 b^2 (1 - \nu^2)} = \frac{k \pi^2 E}{12 (1 - \nu^2) \left(\frac{b}{t}\right)^2} [Euler]$$

$$\sigma_{cr} = \frac{\kappa \pi^2 E}{12(1-\nu^2) \left(\frac{b}{t}\right)^2}$$

Es.  $b = 200 \text{ mm}$   
 $t = 3 \text{ mm}$

$$\rightarrow \sigma_{cr} = 170.8 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$170.8$$


$$N_{cr} = b \cdot \sigma_{cr} = 102.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{t}\right)^2 = \frac{\kappa \pi^2 E}{12(1-\nu^2) \sigma_{cr}}$$

$\rightarrow f_y$

$$b_{eff} = t \sqrt{\frac{\kappa \pi^2 E}{12(1-\nu^2) f_y}}$$

ult' es.  $b_{eff} = 157.6 \text{ mm}$

$$275$$


$$N_{max}(b, t) = b_{eff} \cdot f_y = 130 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sigma_c = \frac{\kappa \pi^2 E}{12 (1 - \nu^2) \left(\frac{b}{t}\right)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{f_y}{\sigma_c}} = \sqrt{\frac{f_y \cdot 12 (1 - \nu^2) \left(\frac{b}{t}\right)^2}{\kappa \pi^2 E}} = \frac{b}{t} \sqrt{\frac{12 (1 - \nu^2) f_y}{\kappa \pi^2 E}}$$