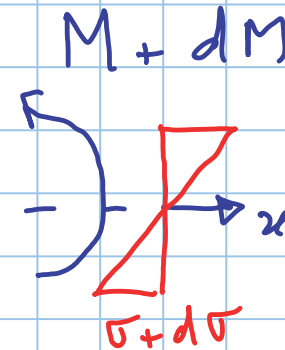
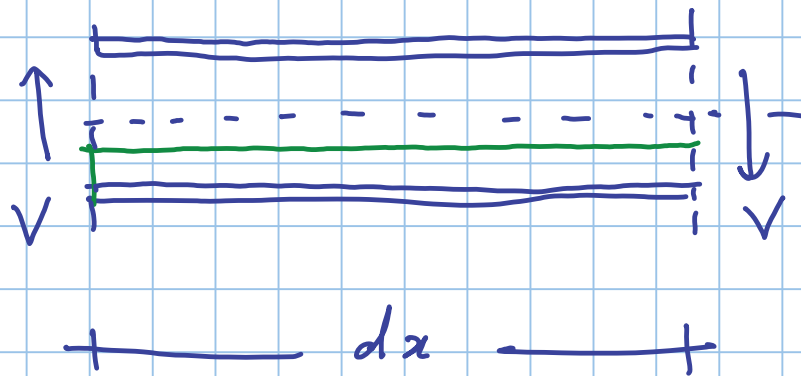
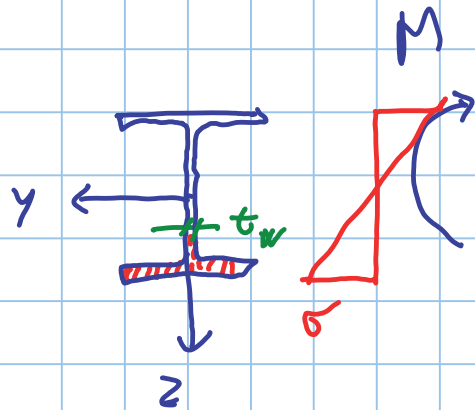


TAGLIO

V

$$d\sigma = \frac{dM}{I_y} z$$

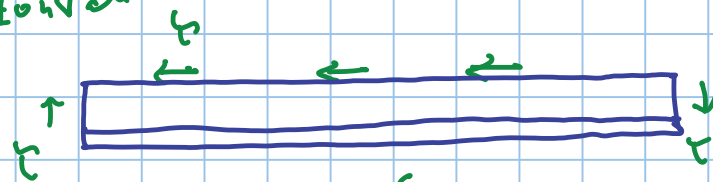
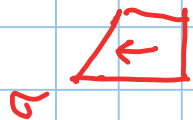
$$\sigma = \frac{M_y}{I_y} z$$



$$\frac{dM}{dx} = V$$

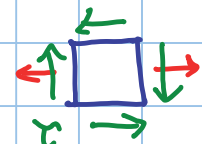
$$dM = V dx$$

Eq. Trasmissione orizzontale



$$\int \tau dA$$

$$\tau dx \cdot t_w$$



$$\tau dx t_w = \frac{V dx}{I_y} S_y$$

$$\tau = \frac{V S_y}{I_y t_w}$$

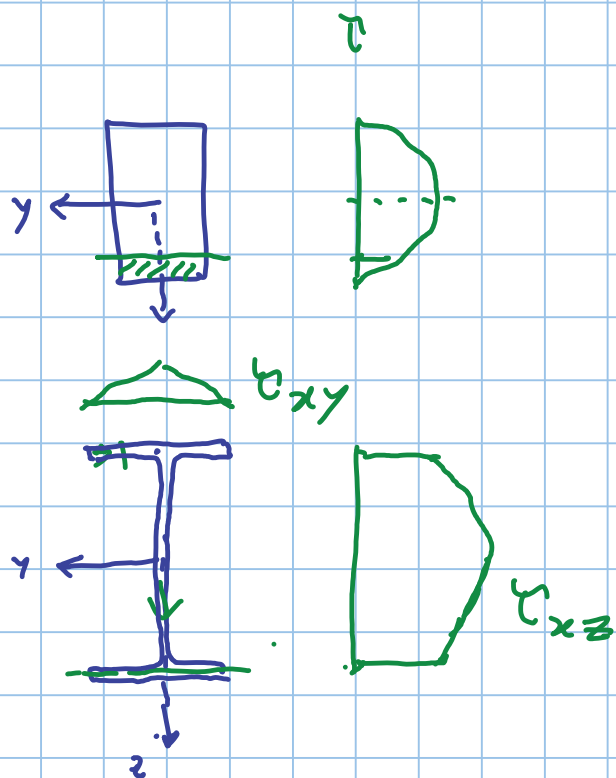
Jonzawsky

$$\rightarrow \int d\sigma \cdot dA$$

$$\frac{dM}{I_y} \int z dA = \frac{V dx}{I_y} S_y$$

ELASTICO LINEARE

$$\gamma = \frac{V S}{I b}$$



$$V_z = \int \tau_{xz} dA \quad \int \tau_{xy} dA = 0$$

$$\tau_{max} = \frac{V S_{1/2 max}}{I t_w}$$

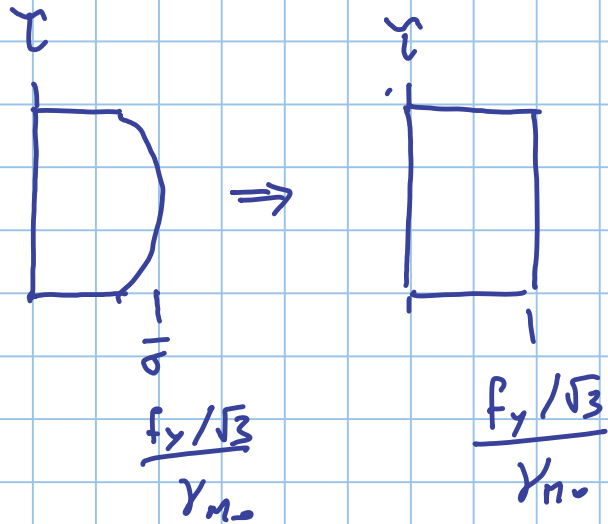
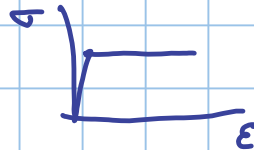
$$\sigma_{ia} = \sqrt{\sigma^2 + 3 \tau^2}$$

note $\tau \rightarrow \sigma_{ia} = \sqrt{3} \tau$

$$\sigma_{ia} \leq \bar{\sigma} \Rightarrow \tau_{max} \leq \frac{\bar{\sigma}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

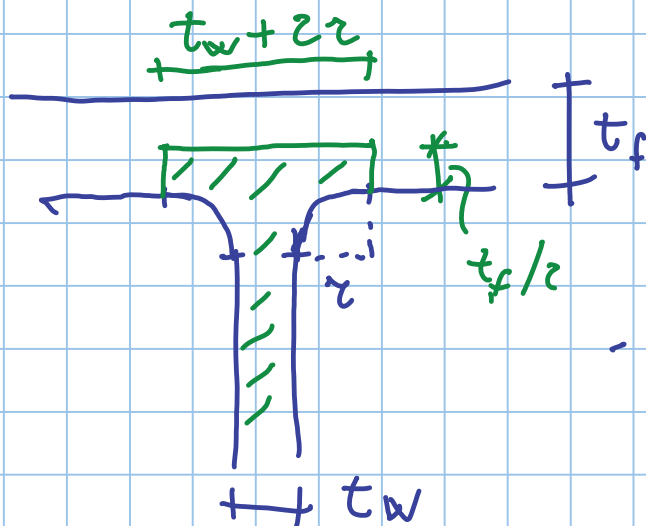
$$\tau_{max} = \frac{f_y / \sqrt{3}}{\gamma_{mo}}$$

NON LINEARE

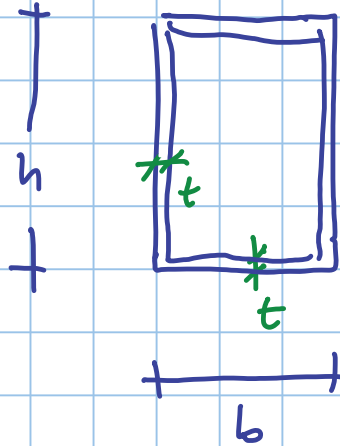
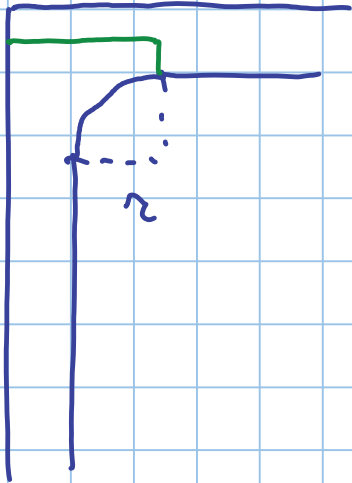


$$V = \int \tau_{xz} dA = \frac{f_y/\sqrt{3}}{\gamma_m} \int dA$$

$$V_{Rd} = A_v \frac{f_y/\sqrt{3}}{\gamma_m}$$



$$A_v = A - 2 b t_f + (t_w + 2z) \frac{t_f}{2}$$



$$A_v \approx 2 h t$$

$$A_v = A \frac{h}{b+h}$$

IPE 200

$$A_v = A - 2 b t_f + (t_w + 2 r) t_f :$$

S 275

$$= 2850 - 2 \times 100 \times 8.5 + (5.6 + 2 \times 12) \times 8.5 = 1402 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$= 14.02 \times 10^2$$

$$t_w b = 5.6 \times 200 = 11.2 \times 10^2 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$V_{Rd} = 14.0 \times 10^2 \times \frac{275/\sqrt{3}}{1.05} = 211.7 \text{ kN}$$

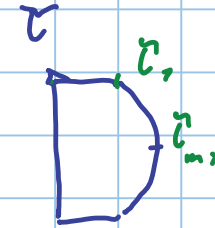
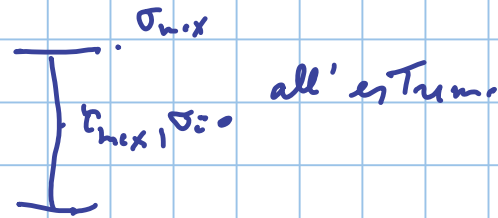
TAGLIO + MOMENTO FLETTENTE

lineare

$$V = 28 \text{ kN}$$

$$M = 56 \text{ kNm}$$

28 kN



$$\tau_{max} = \frac{28 \times 10^3 \times 110.3 \times 10^3}{1943 \times 10^4 \times 5.6}$$

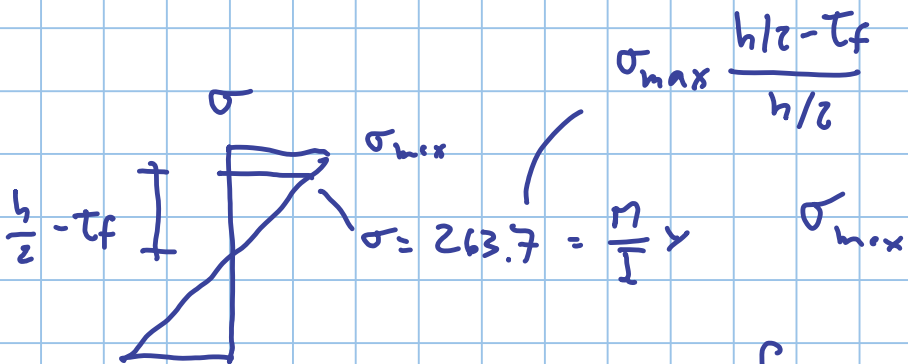
$$= 28.4 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

+ 2.00 +

IPE 200

$$\tau = \frac{V \cdot b \cdot t_f \cdot (h - t_f) / 2}{I \cdot t_w} = \frac{28 \times 10^3 \times 100 \times 8.5 \times 95.75}{1943 \times 10^4 \times 5.6}$$

$$= 20.9 \text{ MPa}$$

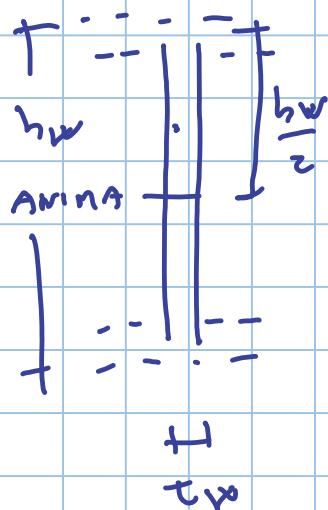


$$\sigma_{max} = \frac{M}{W_{el}} = \frac{56 \times 10^6}{194.3 \times 10^3} = 288.2 \text{ MPa}$$

$$288.2 \leq \frac{f_y}{\gamma_{m0}}$$

NON VERIFICA

$$\sqrt{263.7^2 + 3 \times 20.9^2} = 266.2 \text{ MPa}$$



$$M_{\text{rad}}(\nu) = \left(W_{\text{re}} - \frac{A_{\nu}^2}{4 \tau_{\text{w}}} \rho \right) \frac{f_{\nu}}{\gamma_{\text{mo}}}$$

$$M_{\text{inertance}} = \underbrace{2 s_{\gamma/2m}}_1 \rho \frac{f_{\gamma}}{\gamma_m} = \frac{A_v^2}{4 T_w} \rho \frac{f_{\gamma}}{\gamma_m}$$

$$\frac{h\nu}{2} \times t_w \cdot \frac{h\nu}{3} \times 2$$

$$\frac{h_w^2 t_w}{\zeta} = \frac{h_w^2 t_w^2}{\zeta t_w} = \frac{A_v^2}{\zeta t_w}$$

non linear

$$\rho = \left(\frac{2 V_{Ed}}{V_{Rd}} - 1 \right)^2 \quad \text{für } V_{Ed} > \frac{V_{Rd}}{2}$$

$$\rho = 0 \quad \text{für } V_{Ed} \leq \frac{V_{Rd}}{2}$$

IPE 200

$$W_{pl} = 220.6 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$A_v = 14.0 \times 10^2 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$t_w = 5.6 \text{ mm}$$

$$\frac{A_v^2}{4 t_w} = \frac{1400^2}{4 \times 5.6} = 87.5 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^3$$

\propto inverse $V_{Ed} = 112 \text{ kN}$

$$V_{Ed} = 180 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{rd} = (220.6 - \rho \cdot 87.5) \times 10^3 \times \frac{275}{1.05}$$

$$V_{Ed} = 28 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{Rd} = 211.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{Ed} < \frac{211.7}{2} \Rightarrow \rho = 0$$

105.85

$$V_{Ed} > \frac{V_{Rd}}{2}$$

$$\rho = \left(\frac{2 \times 112}{211.7} - 1 \right)^2 = 0.0036$$

$$\rho = \left(\frac{2 \times 180}{211.7} - 1 \right)^2 = 0.491$$